

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 29.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1900.

NUMBER 21.

January Clearing Sale.

During the month of January we will close out

All Winter Goods,

All Odds and Ends

and Broken Lots,

At prices that mean the saving of dollars and cents to the purchasers.

Ladies' High Class Tailor Suits One-Quarter off. Ladies' Jackets and Coats reduced from one-fourth to one-half in price.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets and Shoes cheap during this sale.

COME AND SEE.

W. P. Schenk & Company.

DEWEY.

Do we mean we are selling all our Ladies' and Children's Furnishings cheaper than other stores? Yes. So come to us for

HOSIERY,
UNDERWEAR,
GLOVES,
MITTENS,
CORSETS,
RIBBONS,
NOTIONS, Etc.

WE WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

Oneida Underwear.

Opyx Hosiery.

KEMPF & McKUNE

CORNER STORE.

Agents for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Puritan Shoes.



January - Bargains

HARDWARE & FURNITURE.

Our Furniture stock is complete and we make low prices for the month of January in order to reduce stock.

W. J. KNAPP.

Pure Food Store.

A Few Pieces of Crockery and Toys at Your Own Prices.

Oysters 30 Cents a Quart—No Water.

The Best Flour, Corn and Oatmeal.

Rubbers and Overshoes for Men Lower than Ever.

Try me and be convinced.

Pure Food Store.

JOHN FARRELL.

My Meats Give Satisfaction.

This is proven by the increasing number of my customers, who appreciate the good service they receive.

Smoked, Fresh and Salt Meats, Sausages, Etc.

Always on hand. Fresh Fish every Friday. Goods delivered.

C. SCHAFER,

Klein building, North Main street, Chelsea, Mich

For Safety and to Draw Interest

Deposit your Money in the

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

ARRANGEMENTS PARTIALLY MADE

For Holding a Farmers' Institute in Chelsea the First Part of Next Month.

At the meeting of the officers of and delegates to the Farmers' Institute held Tuesday afternoon, arrangements for holding a Farmers' Institute in Chelsea during the first part of next month were practically completed. The program for the first day's work was planned and it was decided to ask the board of state lecturers for speakers to assist in making the institute a success. The program will be published as soon as all the arrangements are completed.

The officers elected at the institute held Jan. 23, 1899, are:

President—O. C. Burkhart.
Secretary—Frank Storms.
Treasurer—A. J. Easton.
Vice Presidents—Charles Johnson Dexter; D. Clark, Lyndon; M. L. Raymond, Sharon; H. A. Wilson, Lima; M. K. Preston, Grass Lake; N. W. Laird, Sylvan.

The delegates selected to work with the officers in the institute matter are: Lima Farmers' Club, Arlington Guerin and A. J. Easton; Western Washtenaw Farmers' Club, Mrs. Thomas Fletcher, Mrs. F. H. Sweetland Mrs. Wm. Laird, Charles Fish and Wm. E. Stocking; Lafayette Grange, Henry A. Wilson and Horace Baldwin.

CHEAP FIRE INSURANCE.

The Excellent Showing Made by the Northwestern Washtenaw Farmers' Mutual.

The Northwestern Washtenaw Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co. is in a very satisfactory and prosperous condition, judging from its published annual statement. It now has 284 members, a net increase of 30 during the year. The amount of property at risk is \$549,811 as against \$498,650 at the end of 1898. The total assessment during the year was \$1,019.89, only one assessment was made. The rate of assessment was \$1.90 per \$1,000. The losses actually paid during the year amounted to \$1,161.92; the other expenses amounted to but \$51.81. There was only one loss during the year, the estimated loss on which was \$963 on buildings, and \$777.39 on personal; the amount awarded was \$643.43 on buildings and \$518.26 on personal.

The annual meeting of the company will be held at the town hall, Chelsea, on Wednesday of next week, at 1 o'clock p. m., when a president and secretary and directors for the towns of Lima and Scio will be elected.

HAS A BRIGHT OUTLOOK.

The Congregational Society and Church Are in a Prosperous Condition.

The annual meeting of the Congregational society held Monday evening was largely attended and the outlook for the coming year is exceedingly bright to judge from the enthusiasm manifested.

Enough money was raised to pay all outstanding accounts. L. T. Freeman and S. A. Mapes were elected trustees for three years, and Geo. J. Crowell was elected clerk for one year. The pastor's salary was raised to \$1,000 and an unanimous call was extended to him to remain with the church.

The church meeting followed immediately after. The Constitution and Rules of Discipline were amended and revised and ordered printed. D. A. Spaulding and W. J. Knapp were elected deacons, Mrs. C. M. Davis and Mrs. C. H. Kempf deaconesses, and Mrs. H. S. Holmes was chosen clerk and treasurer.

A Sad Death.

The death of Mrs. Charles E. Stapish, of Lyndon, on Monday, at the early age of 30 years, was a sad and untimely occurrence which has called forth the sorrowing sympathy of a large circle of relatives and friends. Mrs. Stapish was seized with blood poisoning after the birth of her infant son Dec. 31, and although everything that medical skill and careful nursing could do was done, it proved fatal.

Mrs. Stapish's maiden name was Lenna Hollis, of Stockbridge, and she was married to Mr. Stapish about 12 years ago. Her bereaved husband, four children, one an infant 11 days old, are left to mourn the loss of a loving wife and mother.

The funeral services were held this morning at St. Mary's church, Rev. W. P. Considine officiating. The remains were interred in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

It dulla the scythe of Father Time, drives away wrinkles of approaching old age—the elixir of life, that puts hope in the human heart—Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

BIG SCHOOL MEETING

To Be Held in Ann Arbor Saturday of Next Week, Jan. 20.

There will be a combined teachers, patrons and school officers' meeting at the court house on Saturday, Jan. 20. Commissioner Lister expects a big school rally day from all over the county. The following is the program:

MORNING SESSION.

President's address—Hon. J. K. Campbell.

Paper—"How can the school officers become more helpful to the school?" E. D. Misner, district No. 8, Dexter.

Discussion.
Paper—"How can the teacher become more helpful to the school?" Hon. J. L. Hunter, district No. 2, Ypsilanti.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Short talks on—(a) School libraries, (b) What shall we do with the small school? (c) Compulsory attendance.

Address—"The influence of school surroundings," Pres. C. O. Hoyt, County Teachers' association, professor in State Normal college.

THEIR SILVER WEDDING.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Denman Celebrated the 25th Anniversary of Their Marriage.

Saturday was the 25th anniversary of the wedded life of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Denman. Their daughter, Mrs. Edward Whipple, was bound the occasion should not pass by unrecognized so arranged for a grand surprise on the unsuspecting couple. They were inveigled away from home Saturday afternoon and when they returned found the tables set for a bountiful supper, and numbers of their relatives and friends ready to greet them. About 60 in all were present from Chelsea, and vicinity, among them being Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood, from Adrian, and Mrs. Perry, from Grass Lake. Mr. and Mrs. Denman were made the recipients of many handsome presents, among which was a silver tea service. The evening was spent in a very happy and sociable manner, and when the guests departed it was with the wish that the worthy couple might enjoy another 25 years of wedded felicity.

L. O. T. M. Measuring Social.

The measuring social given by the L. O. T. M. in Macabee hall Friday evening was a largely attended and exceedingly pleasant gathering, and caused plenty of merriment while the measuring was going on. A bountiful supper, such as the Bees are noted for serving, was enjoyed by all, after which a program of music and recitations was in order. It comprised instrumental music by the orchestra, duets by Misses Anna Lighthall and Ethel Bacon, and by the former and Miss Ethel Cole, quartette by Mrs. Congdon, Mrs. Cummings, A. M. Freer and George Millsbaugh, recitations by Mrs. H. L. Wood and Master Arthur Avery, and an exhibition grand march by the L. O. T. M. The receipts of the evening amounted to the handsome sum of \$24.60.

German Farmers' Insurance Co.

The Washtenaw German Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. held its annual meeting in Ann Arbor Monday. Jacob Reichert, of Scio, was re-elected president; Fred Fiegel, of Scio was elected vice president; Charles Braun, of Ann Arbor town, was re-elected secretary by acclamation, and Fred Jetter was re-elected treasurer in a like manner. George Feldkamp, of Saline, was elected director for three years.

The annual report of the secretary showed as follows: Number of losses, 26; amount of losses, \$4,088.56; Highest loss paid (Miss Stapish), \$1,457.00; membership at present, 1,786; gain over last year, 82; present capital represented, \$3,055,875.00; additional capital over last year, \$108,700.

Epworth League Social.

The Epworth League will give a social at the home of F. P. Glazier tomorrow (Friday) evening. A supper consisting of pressed chicken, scalloped potatoes, biscuits, cheese, cakes, Tryphosa salad, oranges and coffee will be served in conundrum style from 5 to 9 o'clock. After this a fine Scotch and Irish program will be rendered. Material will be furnished you to make a hat, the most successful effort to be rewarded with a prize. Come one and all to join in the grand march and general good time.

Subscribe for the Herald only \$1 a year.

An Endless Line

OF

Canned Goods,

Fancy and Staple Groceries,

as well as high grade but reasonable priced

Table Delicacies

may always be found at the

Bank Drug Store

We are selling

20 lbs of Fine Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.

Fine New Orleans Molasses 25c.

For the finest Cream Cheese in Chelsea come to us.

Fresh Ginger Snaps 5c a lb.

Stimson's Drug Store

KEEP-WARM COATS.

That's the kind of Overcoats you will want to wear. They must look well, too, as well as keep you warm.

WEBSTER

Will make you a coat of that kind for \$12 up.

If you want a

COOL SMOKE

Call for

Columbia, Our Standard, Copperfield, Sport,

Best So. Cigars on the Market.

Manufactured by

F. B. SCHUSSLER, Chelsea.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

Incidents of Chicago's Christmas

Something over \$10,000,000 represents the total of holiday buying in Chicago the past year. That sum represents more than five dollars for each man, woman and child in the entire city, it represents such a holiday season as Chicago, or for that matter any other city, has seldom seen, and the merchants say it represents prosperity.

It certainly meant prosperity to the merchants, and especially to those situated in the business district. By the close of Saturday night before Christmas 15 of the State street merchants alone had taken in over their counters something over \$3,500,000. Very little of that sum represented the more expensive forms of holiday presents, for it was the receipts of the department stores for toys, and smaller and less expensive articles bought by the people who do not have a fortune to spend at each Christmas season. What the receipts of the jewelers, the furriers, the musical instrument houses, the furniture dealers, the fashionable confectioners, the book stores, and all the other dealers in special lines amounted to can only be estimated, but those competent to judge say it did not fall below the sum taken in by the department stores, and if so that would only leave another \$3,000,000 for the Christmas and New Year's dinners and for the suburban merchants. Chicago spent easily more than \$10,000,000 for holiday presents in 1899.

A Great Retail Mart.

Among other things that the great totals of holiday purchases have set Chicago to thinking about and talking about is the department store. Aside from the Christmas and New Year's dinners, the greater part of the money expended in Chicago was passed over counters that occupy a little section of the city hardly a mile square, and a large percentage of it was spent along half a dozen blocks of one street.

But while the merchants along State street and the neighborhood surrounding it grew fat because of an exceptional Christmas the suburban merchant noticed but little increase over his usual sales. So it is that he and his friends are now cursing the department store with fresh vigor. They present these figures showing such a vast centralization of business as a strong argument against the big stores, in which everything from a sewing machine needle to a threshing machine, or a yard of calico to a velvet gown can be bought. They point out the fact that it cheapens real estate all over the city, with the exception of the small district in which the big stores are located; that it throws men out of employment, and injures the city in other ways.

The proprietors of the department stores, on the other hand, contend that they benefit the public by selling goods at a lower price than it is possible for the small merchant to get down to, because of the cheaper management of a large establishment in proportion to the volume of business done.

But one thing is almost certain, and that is that the past holiday season, with its unequalled expenditures, will result in a fight against the department stores in the next session of the legislature.

Abundance of Holiday Cheer.

It was certainly a great holiday season in Chicago in every way. Holiday cheer overflowed the homes of the wealthy into the lap of poverty and cheered the heart of many a child to whom Christmas has before been unknown. In the children's free wards in the hospitals, in the homes for the orphans, in the widow's cottage, and in the tenement districts holiday cheer was known for the first time in many years. It was but seldom that opportunity offered for the contribution of a mite of joy that it was not promptly accepted in some way.

In the stores the busy shoppers took

time to notice the wail whose only Christmas in former years had been in looking at the toys displayed in show windows and on the counters, and many a little heart was gladdened by the receipt of a coveted plaything from strange hands.

In one of the big department stores I saw a man buy more Christmas joy for 30 cents when expended for children whom he had probably never seen before than all his other expenditures put together had brought him. A woman wearing the garb of poverty so plainly that it could not be mistaken was attempting to purchase Christmas presents for a family of five with the few cents at her command, and two of her five children were attempting to assist her. One of the two thought a bright colored lead pencil for little sister would be appreciated by her, but the pencil cost six cents and the mother felt that the sum was more than she could expend for one. A stranger noted the disappointed look on the child's face and for 30 cents he purchased one of the coveted pencils for each of the five. It was a small but gracious act, and the man who had done it felt pleased with the entire holiday season.

The Rich and the Poor.

Santa Claus stalked abroad through the city in many disguises. A family living on the South side that I know of secured their Christmas cheer by playing the part of the good saint to the poor families of their acquaintance.

Husband and wife visited personally the families and carried with them the good things of the season. There were presents for the children, warm clothing for the mothers, fuel for the fires, and when they had ascertained their wants in the culinary line good Christmas dinners were bought and sent to them.

Whether the merchants, who pronounce prosperity as the cause of it, are right, or whether it is something else, matters but little. The fact that Chicago enjoyed an unusual Christmas season of good will and good cheer, a season that brought with it a better understanding between the rich and poor, a closer bond of sympathy which the poor appreciated, is enough in itself without seeking the cause.

A Full Major.

There were two or three war correspondents in the group of Chicago newspaper men, and the talk had gradually drifted around to the events of last summer. Personal anecdotes and funny experiences were being exchanged, when some one happened to mention the name of Col. —, who is now with his regiment in the Philippines, and who was a prime favorite among the boys who followed the first movement of regulars to Chickamauga.

"There's a man who can hold as much good booze without getting topheavy as any man in the service," said one veteran newspaper man. "I've known him for years, knew him in fact when the two bars of a captain were all he could sport on his shoulders. You knew him at Chickamauga, didn't you, Billy?"

Billy grinned reminiscently. "Well, I hope he gets a brigadier generalship in the new batch. He deserves it. He's seen lots of hard Indian campaigning. And that reminds me. Away back in the '70s, after the dear old boy had distinguished himself in some campaign against the Apaches, he received a long-delayed promotion to the rank of major. He was in Chicago when the news of his promotion came, and promptly proceeded to tank up a few. That evening he drifted into a newspaper office in quest of a friend. His eyesight was a little blurred, but his enthusiasm was boundless, and his anxiety to tell his friend of his good fortune equally as great. So he wobbled over to where his friend was busily engaged on some editorial on the iniquities of the liquor traffic, hit him a resounding slap on the back and said: 'Congratulations, old man, I'm a full major. Yes, sir.'"

"His friend looked up. Only it wasn't his friend. It was a stranger. And the stranger, after looking the major over from head to foot, said, frigidly: 'Um, yes, I see you are.'"

WRIGHT A. PATTERSON.



THE GIRLS OF SAMOA.

They Wear Kilt Skirts and Necklaces of Shark's Teeth and Are Born Coquettes.

The girl of Samoa is a born coquette, full of romance and natural grace. Her usual costume is a necklace of shark's teeth, some metal earrings and a short skirt. The number of shark's teeth in her necklace is the measure of her popularity among her admirers. The more teeth the greater the belle.

From the time she is ten years of age she begins to make eyes from behind a beautifully carved fan. As usual with coquettes, she is fickle in the extreme, as well as romantic. Her nature is as fierce as that of the warriors of her country, and she is a thoroughly trained athlete as well. She is skillful in the use of arms and is cruel and relentless in war. She is equal in strength to many of the Samoan warriors.

For dress occasions the older Samoan girls wear the same costume as a man. This is a kilt or piece of drapery wound about the waist in a manner which seems to a foreigner nothing short of miraculous. This is called lava-lava, a sort of mat material. A mere scrap of it wound about the waist of a child is considered dress sufficient. Ordinarily the children wear no garments whatever. The drapery is of the same general character as that worn by natives of most of the South Sea islands and the Indian archipelago, as well as the southern countries of Asia. It is called by the Malays the sarong.

But the Samoan girl has been out in the world more or less of late years. The tourists from other countries have visited Samoa; so the natural beauty of the native Samoan girl is being spoiled by her great vanity. She not only spends a great deal of time in beautifying herself, but she adopts such incongruous combinations as a fine mat lava-lava and a ball gown waist or velvet basque cut V necked, her hair done up empire style and wearing, to complete her toilet, a string of ferns around her waist and a necklace of the inevitable



SEALATANA, A SAMOAN BELLE.

shark's teeth about her bronze throat. Her arms and limbs are bare. She has seen shoes, but she prefers to be comfortable. She also refuses stockings, contrary to the Samoan warrior, who, it is told, marched with his comrades in battle array wearing a pair of opera length silk hose, the soles of which were worn completely off. These had no doubt been given to him by some European travelers.

Although the Samoan girl does not wear clothes, properly speaking, she is taught while still very young to embroider and sew.

The hairpins worn in her hair are beautiful in their workmanship. They are made out of the wood of a cocoanut tree, and are carved with a dead cocoanut leaf. This is most delicate work. The girls are taught to swim when babies. They are graceful and readily learn to dance. As a people the Samoans are great dancers, and during their holiday seasons they dance day and night. They are also fond of music, and have native instruments, which they beat to strange rhythmic music, not altogether beautiful, but harmonious.

The marriage of the Samoan girl is arranged by her parents. The girl never thinks of having any opinion of her own on the subject, but accepts the parents' decision as inevitable. This does not prevent her from having any number of admirers before or after marriage, which seems to be another matter entirely. She is far more interesting in her native costumes, pursuing the customary life of her own people, than when she tries to ape the foreigners who visit her beautiful tropical country to admire her in all her native simplicity and beauty.—N. Y. Tribune.

What Puzzles Chollie.

"What puzzles me," murmured Chollie, as he puzzled the other fellow had reached the house of the adored one ahead of him and was monopolizing her attention, "what troubles me is the question whether I am this evening more of an outlander or a bore."—Indianapolis Journal.

IS A GOOD DRESSER.

Mrs. McKinley's Gowns for This Winter Are Said to Be Beautiful and Becoming.

Mrs. McKinley, our president's wife, is, as everyone knows, a great invalid, and her husband's devotion to her is a beautiful example, which will go down in history. She has excellent taste in the choice of her gowns. She receives, almost always, seated in a large armchair, so has her dresses made that the front effect is always good, and her trains are so arranged that there is not too much fullness at the top of the



MRS. MCKINLEY.

(The President's Wife Receiving in Her Silver Gray Peau de Soie.)

skirt and yet enough to hang in graceful folds about her.

Mrs. McKinley's gowns for this winter are in excellent taste. She has one of silver-gray peau de soie, which is a sort of heavy ribbed silk, with hardly any luster. The skirt has a long train, and all up the front and on both sides are bands of beautiful steel embroidery, with small silver spangles. The bodice is embroidered in the same way and is relieved at the throat by a collar and jabot of real lace. It is made surplice, with long, tight-fitting sleeves, which fall well over the hands.—Demorest's Family Magazine.

HOW TO CLEAN JEWELRY.

To Keep Diamonds Sparkling and Silver Trinkets Shining is Not a Difficult Task.

Diamonds may be cleaned by brushing them with a lather of soap and water, rubbing them afterwards with eau de cologne. If well shaken in a bag of bran they acquire great brilliancy. Cut stones should not be wiped after being washed. Wash in a lather of white soap, rinse and put on their faces in sawdust until quite dry. Opals which have become dim may be polished by rubbing them well with oxide of tin or with damp putty spread on chamois leather; finish with damp powdered chalk, also spread on leather. Then wash the opals with a soft brush in water and then immersed in the following: Salt one pint, alum one pint, salt-peter two pints, water four pints. Leave the silver in this for five minutes, then rinse in cold water and polish with a leather. They should be kept in silver paper. Oxidized silver can be cleaned in a quart of a pint of sulphuric acid, mixed with one quart of water. Ordinary silver articles may be kept bright by cleaning them with a slice of lemon and afterward rinsing in cold water. Then wash in a lather of soap and rinse in hot water, dry with a soft cloth and polish with a leather. Nickel should be rubbed with a flannel dipped in ammonia. Amber may be rubbed with wet powdered chalk; then with a little olive oil applied with a flannel. Ivory can be whitened with a solution of peroxide of hydrogen, or let the articles stand in spirits of wine in the sunshine.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

WASHING THE FACE.

Instead of Using Water After a Walk Ladies Should Bathe with Lait Virginal.

Many skins will not stand constant washing, a practice which indeed tends to coarsen the complexion. Thorough washing once a day is sufficient for most women, and is far preferable to partial and careless ablutions morning, noon and night. Instead of cleansing the face in water when coming in from a walk, or when one feels that a wash would be refreshing, it is a capital thing to bathe it with lait virginal. It is an excellent purifier, easily made and harmless. It is, moreover, delightfully refreshing. I give the recipe: Rose, orange flower, or elder flower water, one pint; simple tincture of benzoin, two ounces; tincture of myrrh, ten drops; glycerine, ten drops. Place the rose water in a bowl, and while stirring it, with a glass or porcelain spoon, add drop by drop the benzoin, then the myrrh and glycerine.

Be sure you get the simple tincture of benzoin, as the compound tincture contains other ingredients quite unsuited to the purpose. Some skins will not stand glycerine. If this is the case with yours, all that need be done is to omit it from the emulsion. Never use pure glycerine to the skin of the face, as it tends to induce hairy growth.

The lait virginal should be applied with a soft rag, and one is often surprised at the amount of dirt, unsuspected because undetected, which is brought away.—Philadelphia Press.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

Got the Wrong Woman.

Mary Sureck, a Polish woman from Calumet, was adjudged insane and taken to the asylum at Newberry. Sheriff Lean, of Houghton, was surprised to get a telephone message from Calumet to the effect that Mary Sureck was violently insane and should be taken care of immediately. The sheriff investigated and found that the supposed crazy person at Newberry was a Finnish woman, arrested on a minor charge. She spoke no English. The sheriff went to Newberry with Mary Sureck to make the change.

Driven Insane.

Bob Fitzgerald, foreman in B. J. Goodman's logging camp, near Champion, was arrested on a serious charge. Fitzgerald and some companions took a stranger named Moses Peterson, who wandered into camp, and strung him up by a rope till he was black in the face. Peterson went insane from the effects of the treatment and is now in jail. Fitzgerald says the affair was a joke; that they strung Peterson up because he was a little silly to see if they couldn't get some sense into him.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health from 57 observers in various portions of the state for the week ended December 30 indicate that scarlet fever, pneumonia and influenza increased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 212 places, measles at 45, typhoid fever at 40, scarlet fever at 64, diphtheria at 28, whooping cough at 16, cerebro-spinal meningitis at 3 places, and smallpox at Brant, Coloma, Watervliet, Masonville and Detroit.

Blown to Atoms.

By the explosion of five tons of gunpowder on the road near Eagle River, Keweenaw county, Joseph St. Louis and Axel Hammerstrom, both unmarried, were blown to atoms, together with four horses. The powder was in transit on two sleighs. Examination of the surroundings shows that one powder can leaked badly, and the explosion was due either to a spark struck by the runners of a sleigh or from the pipe of one of the teamsters.

Another Fight.

Parson Axtell, who put out Gus Dondero in a prize fight at Royal Oak, had another fight, a rough-and-tumble scrap, in which he got the worst of it. W. T. Mohen owns the house that Rev. Mr. Axtell lives in. The landlord says when he called for his rent, the parson assumed the aggressive and a fist fight ensued, the parson emerging from it with a strained wrist and a discolored eye.

Knights of the Grip.

The Michigan Knights of the Grip held their eleventh annual convention in Bay City. The new officers elected were: President, Edward J. Schreiber, of Bay City; secretary, A. W. Stitt, of Jackson; treasurer, O. C. Gould, of Saginaw. The knights have a membership of 1,913.

News Items Briefly Told.

The Citizens' Savings Bank of Benton Harbor, capitalized at \$50,000, has submitted articles of incorporation to the state banking commissioner.

Adolph Hempke was frozen to death only a block from his home in Detroit.

The annual banquet of the Marquette County Bar association was held at Marquette.

U. B. Rodgers, aged 50, auditor of the Pere Marquette railroad since 1852, committed suicide in Grand Rapids by shooting. He had long been suffering from a painful ailment.

The death of Chester Carleton, a resident of St. Clair for over half a century, occurred here.

Fire gutted the Manning Harness company's plant at Albion, the loss being \$16,500.

Andrew Johnson was killed in Calumet by falling 600 feet down a shaft in the Kearsarge mine.

George McCreery, a well to do farmer of Carmel township, was found dead in a swamp a short distance from his house. He went hunting and accidentally shot himself.

County Clerk Austin issued 484 marriage licenses in Marshall during the year 1899 and 85 divorce suits were started.

A business men's association to start new industries or induce outside manufacturers to locate in the village is to be organized at St. Johns.

The year 1899 was one of the most prosperous in a business way in the history of Owosso.

During the first 11 months of 1899 railroads earned \$32,714,951 in Michigan, an increase of 13.81 per cent. over the same period of 1898.

The Manning Harness company's plant at Albion was burned. Loss, \$13,000; insurance, \$9,000.

The \$50,000 stock of Morgan, Puhl & Morris, manufacturers of regalia and military supplies, was totally destroyed by fire in Detroit.

Rodney S. Graham, superintendent of the government Indian school at Mount Pleasant, has resigned that position after two years' incumbency.

THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as second class matter.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1900.

The League of American Wheelmen has undertaken a great but good step in its fight for good roads throughout the country. President Keenan of the L. A. W. has arranged for the early presentation in congress of a bill appropriating \$5,000,000 for the construction of improved highways throughout the United States. Representative Graham, of the twenty-third congressional district, will father the measure. If the League never does anything more than secure for this country the boon of good roads it will go down to posterity as one of the greatest institutions that ever was established in this or any other country. It should have the hearty support and co-operation of every farmer in the United States in its work, for there is no class that would be more benefited by good roads than the farmers, if they did but know it.

New York Commercial: Representative H. C. Smith, of Michigan, said jokingly the other day that he believed congress was the only place on earth where a man was permitted to talk about silver. Up in his state the man who would undertake to talk about the money question would empty a hall as quickly as a smallpox sign would frighten a way-faring man. Mr. Smith is exactly right. The issue is a dead one and all parties recognize the fact. There are more than one hundred Democrats in the fifty-sixth congress, and out of that number there was not one who came forward with an amendment to the currency bill providing for the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. It should be borne in mind that this was the foremost issue less than four years ago, and yet not a solitary champion came forward this month to prove his faith by his works.

The special session of the legislature finished its labors Friday. It was an expensive and profitless piece of business. It resulted in the passage of one general and four special bill, but did not accomplish any of the objects for which it was called.

The withdrawal of British ships from trade to act as transports for troops and stores has resulted in a scarcity of coal in England which must be supplied by the United States. Prices are therefore likely to go up.

Lord Salisbury has assured Ambassador Choate that the commercial rights of the United States shall be equitably considered in the matter of the flour seizures. Nothing more can be asked at present.

The territory of the United States was increased about 1,600,000 square miles under Democratic auspices. It is rather late in the day for that party to fight against the addition of 150,000 more.

The securing of the open door to American merchants in Chinese territory dominated by European nations, is one of the greatest diplomatic triumphs of the generation.

General French seems to be in somewhat the same situation as the man who caught a Tartar, and had to summon aid to enable him to let him go again.

Anyone who really believes that there is any "alliance" between England and the United States is too far gone even to be argued with.

The country will not welcome an attempt to revive the Sampson-Schley controversy, no matter by whom it is made.

WASHTENAW FAIR SOCIETY.

Superintendents and Standing Committees for the Year 1900.

At the meeting of the managers of the Washtenaw Fair Society held in Ann Arbor Thursday, the following superintendents were elected and President Wm. Campbell appointed his standing committees for the year:

General Superintendent—F. E. Mills.
Marshal—Harris Ball.
Cattle—George Phelps.
Horses, class A—John Keppler.
Horses, class B—Fred Chapin.
Sheep—O. C. Burkhardt.
Swine—Wm. Clemens.
Poultry—C. T. McIntosh.
Dairy and Culinary Products—Mrs. B. D. Kelley.

Flowers—Mrs. J. M. Braun.
Fine Arts (both classes)—A. C. Schumacher, with power to appoint lady assistants.

Garden Products, 1 and 2—J. M. Braun.
Garden Products, 3—Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Fletcher.

Fruits—Mr. and Mrs. H. J. McMichael.
Manufactured Products—Wm. Aprill.
Miscellaneous—F. B. Braun.
Schools—W. N. Lister.
Merchandise Display—A. C. Schumacher.
Pioneer—Mrs. A. R. Graves.

The following standing committees were appointed by President William Campbell: Transportation—F. E. Mills.
Printing—F. E. Mills, F. H. Belser and Fred Schmid.

Pedigree—Fred Chapin, E. J. Helber.
Premiums—Ben D. Kelley, Wm. Aprill, Fred B. Braun, Geo. Phelps.

By-Laws and Rules—E. E. Leland, John Keppler, H. Bill.

Auditing—Col. H. S. Dean, Fred Schmid, F. J. Fletcher.

F. H. Belser, Col. H. S. Dean and F. E. Mills were appointed a committee to see about the building of open seats on each side of the grand stand, admission tickets to which would be sold at 10 cents each.

The dates for the fair next fall were fixed for Oct. 2, 3, 4 and 5.

Glorious News

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store. Guaranteed.

THE CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

Elects Its Directors and Makes a Fine Showing of Its Last Year's Business.

The 48 stockholders, largely farmers, who own the Chelsea Savings Bank, re-elected at their recent meeting the following directors and managers of the bank: H. man M. Woods and James L. Babcock, of Ann Arbor, Victor D. Hindelang, of Albion, John R. Gates, Wm. P. Schenk, Dr. G. W. Palmer, Wm. J. Knapp, president; Thos. S. Sears, vice president; Geo. P. Glazier, cashier; Theodore E. Wood, assistant cashier; David W. Greenleaf, teller; A. K. Stimson, special accountant.

The Chelsea Savings Bank is the oldest, largest and strongest bank in Western Washtenaw county and is quite likely to remain so if it continues to earn, as it has for the past eighteen months, after deducting interest paid to its depositors and all other expenses, remarkable profits and large dividends to its stockholders. The bank will continue to pay three per cent interest on money deposited in it, under the rules, and to loan on approved paper at the lowest consistent rates.

For safety, profit and a convenient place to do your banking this bank is all that can be desired. If you are not already keeping a bank account give the Chelsea Savings Bank a trial. In many ways a bank account is a source of great advantage which only those who keep such an account realize, by preserving a history of their business transactions in a methodical manner, and preventing losses and waste to a degree unsuspected by those who have never kept such an account.

"Thou changest not—yet, I am always changing," said the substitute to Rocky Mountain Tea. Made by the Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Ask your druggist.

L. C. B. A. Installation and Banquet.

The officers of the L. C. B. A. were installed last evening at the Macabee hall by Mrs. J. E. Tyrrell, of Jackson, in due form according to the ritual of the order. After the exercises a banquet was served at which toasts were responded to by Rev. W. R. Considine, Mrs. Tyrrell, Mrs. Mary Clark, the Misses Katherine Gorman and Margaret Miller, and Mrs. John Farrell. The latter's speech is spoken of as having been the best of the evening.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mrs. T. W. Mingay is spending the week in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. C. S. Fenn visited her son Truman Fenn and family, at Jackson, Monday and Tuesday.

George P. Glazier has been elected one of the directors of the State Savings Bank of Ann Arbor.

Mrs. C. Spruagle returned home last Friday from a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Toledo, Ohio.

The officers of the O. M. B. A. were duly installed last evening by Hon. James S. Gorman who had been delegated for the occasion to that duty.

The German Reading Circle will hold a box social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Heller, of Lima, next Tuesday, Jan. 16, for the benefit of St. Paul's church Sunday school.

George B. Horton, of Fruit Ridge, master of state grange, is in Chelsea today to attend the session of Lafayette Grange, also to go to North Lake, to visit the grange at that place, this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Mast and the Misses Mast, Mrs. C. Wunder and daughter Mary, and Mrs. Jos. Schatz and daughter Sophia, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Quick, of Stockbridge, last Sunday.

The renewal of the mission at St. Mary's church will commence next Sunday, Jan. 14. It will be conducted by the eloquent missionary fathers, Rev. William Hogan, C. SS. R., and Rev. Ferdinand Hennessy, C. SS. R.

Warrants have been sworn out against Geo. M. Hawes and C. J. Shetterly, two Ann Arbor hotelkeepers, by Deputy Food Commissioner Kirtland, charging them, under the state pure food law, with serving oleomargarine in their dining rooms without displaying the signs demanded by law.

The wedding of Mr. Edward H. Doran, a prominent boot and shoe merchant, of Saginaw, and Miss Josephine Stapish, was quietly celebrated at St. Mary's church, Tuesday morning at 7 o'clock. Rev. W. P. Considine performing the ceremony. Besides the contracting parties only the best man, Mr. Joseph Lee, of Detroit, and the bridesmaid, Miss Frances Hindelang, were present.

Three hundred school children at Milan were in very imminent danger yesterday when the public school caught fire. Two of the scholars Edith Cavanaugh and Emma Bentley were seriously burned while making their escape. This is the second time in three years that the school building has been burned. The scholars lost their outer wraps and books and the Maynard library was totally destroyed.

Tuesday was the 86th anniversary of the birth of Mr. Curran White, and in honor of the occasion Mrs. E. L. Negus invited a party of 11 of his old friends to come and make merry with him. This they did and a very pleasant time was the result. The total of the ages of the 12 old people was 923 years, an average of 77 years each. Mrs. Thomas Jewett, of Lima, was the oldest person present, being 88 years of age, and Mrs. W. F. Hatch was the youngest, aged 65 years.

A large number of people were gathered at St. Mary's church yesterday morning at 8 o'clock to witness the marriage ceremony of Mr. James W. Daun and Miss Mary Liebeck. The groom was attended by Mr. Joseph Liebeck, the bride's brother, and Miss Myrtle Webber was the bridesmaid. Rev. W. P. Considine performed the ceremony. At its conclusion the relatives and friends repaired to the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Liebeck, parents of the bride, in Sylvan, where a fine wedding dinner was served. The young couple went at once to their future home on the J. S. Gorman farm in Lyndon.

The case of Frank Staffan vs. Gottlob Ahnemiller, over the title to 15 acres of swamp land located in the south-eastern part of the village, was on trial in the circuit court last Friday. Mr. Staffan wanted the land divided up, claiming that he owns two-thirds of it. He acknowledged that Ahnemiller has a title to the remaining one-third. Ahnemiller maintained that he owns all of it by adverse possession. Judge Wm. Look and Col. Humphrey, of Detroit, and George W. Turnbull represented the complainant, while Prof. B. M. Thompson looked after Ahnemiller's interests. Yesterday Judge Kinne handed down his decision which decreed that two-thirds of the land should go to Mr. Staffan and one-third to Mr. Ahnemiller.

Working Night and Day.

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globe of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25 cents per box. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

We Are Not Fishing

With a sugar-coated hook to catch a customer for some old coat or cloak

He doesn't want, neither are we trying to unload a lot of unsaleable merchandise upon our customers, but we are offering fresh, new goods that come in dray loads every day, bought for cash and sold as cheap as the off grade stuff found in some stores.

We Want Your Trade

WE OFFER

90 lbs H. & E. fine Granulated Sugar for \$1.00
8 bars Jackson Soap for .25
6 lbs Cold Storage Prunes for .25
Large sweet Navel Oranges at 25c a dozen.
Salmon 10c a can.
22 lbs Light Brown Sugar 1.00
Genuine Vail & Crane Crackers.
Best Standard Oysters 30c per quart.
Finest Prepared Mustard at 10c a pint.
The finest line of Canned Goods in Chelsea.

Highest Market Price Paid for Eggs.

FREEMAN'S.

Chelsea Wagon and Buggy Works

You will find it next building west of the Town Hall, where I have placed all the necessary wood working machinery to manufacture

WAGONS, BUGGIES, CUTTERS and BOBSLEIGHS

The same made to your own order on short notice.

REPAIRING done better, in less time and for less money than ever, with Paint Shop in connection.

If you are ever in need of a Wagon, Buggy, Cutter or Bobsleigh, call and see them in the white, half finish, or finish, then you will be convinced what they are made of. Plenty of Bobsleighs and Cutters for sale now. Call and see them whether you buy or not.

A. G. FAIST, Manager.

J. J. RAFTREY,

Glass Block Tailoring Parlors.

We are showing our large and elaborate stock of

Woolens for Fall and Winter Wear,

Embracing all the late staples and novelties in Suits, Top Coatings, and Odd Trousers at the right prices.

We Make and Remodel Ladies' Jackets and Wraps...

All kinds of Silk and Woolen Goods cleaned and refaced by the latest improved machinery.

J. J. RAFTREY, The Tailor.

A "Jack the Hugger" has been operating in Ann Arbor of late and the police would like to get a lead pipe cinch on him that would stop his kissing proclivities.



HEART RENDING

to see people buy and eat meats of inferior quality, simply because they are offered at a cent or two less per pound than we sell at. The stock we buy was raised for food, and its feed and care was such as to make the flesh tender, rich, and of fine flavor. None but the best beef, veal, lamb, mutton, pork and poultry here, but at ordinary prices

ADAM EPPLER.

Teachers' Examinations 1899-1900.

Teachers' examinations for Washtenaw county during 1899 and 1900 will be held as follows:

Ann Arbor, beginning the last Thursday in March.

Ann Arbor, beginning the third Thursday in June.

Final Eighth Grade examinations will be held the last Saturday in February and the last Saturday in May.

W. N. LIETZ, Commissioner of Schools.

Black Walnut Logs

WANTED.

For clear black walnut logs, straight and straight grained, free from all defects, in the round, delivered at Chelsea, I will pay \$22 to \$70 per 1,000 feet for logs from 18 in. to 48 in. in diameter. This price only stands good up to Jan. 22, 1900.

D. SHELL.



TRY SOME CAKE

from our assortment. We have all kinds fresh daily. Each has its own delicious flavor and tastes better than the best home made kind.

Our Pastry is delightfully crisp and wholesome. Made by those who know everything about Cakes. Baked just the right number of minutes, it is exactly right in every particular.

Canright & Hamilton.

Wanted, good, strong, young girl for general housework; two in family. \$3.00 per week. Address,

Mrs. BRUNELL, 225 Michigan ave., Chicago, Ill.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

The many bargains being offered throughout the store are transforming a usually quiet month into one of the best and busiest months of the year. It will pay you to investigate and take advantage of the sales now.

Look Into the Prices We Are Making

All Men's Suits 1-4 Off,

All Overcoats 1-4 Off.

All Odd Pants 1-4 Off.

All Finest Dress Goods Patterns at Cost.

All Dress Goods at 1-4 Off.

Big Lot of 59c and 65c Dress Goods at 37½c.

39c, 50c and 55c Dress Goods at 25c.

Bargains in Shoes.

All Wool Carpets 39c to 50c.

Bargains in Underwear.

BIG LOT OF

Women's Coats and Capes,

Were \$7.50 to \$12.00, now \$5.00

Every new, this year's Coat or Cape at Cost.

All Lace Curtains at 1-4 Off.

All Odd Lace Curtains at Half Price.

We know these prices will sell a great many goods. So those coming first will get the best selections.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

New York Tri-Weekly Tribune MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY, PRACTICALLY A DAILY, New York Weekly Tribune PUBLISHED ON THURSDAY. For over fifty-eight years a National Family Paper for farmers and villagers, whose readers have represented the very best element of our country population.

A new and remarkably attractive publication, profusely illustrated with portraits and half-tones; contains all the striking news features of The Daily Tribune, Special War Despatches, Domestic and Foreign Correspondence, Short Stories, Humorous Illustrations, Industrial Information, Fashion Notes, Agricultural Matters carefully treated, and Comprehensive and Reliable Financial and Market Reports. It is mailed at the same hour as the daily edition, reaches a large proportion of subscribers on date of issue, and each edition is a thoroughly up-to-date daily family newspaper for busy people.

Regular subscription price,

\$1.50 per year.

We furnish it with the HERALD for

\$1.85 per year.

Send all orders to THE HERALD, Chelsea, Mich.

Regular subscription price,

\$1.00 per year.

We furnish it with the HERALD for

\$1.35 a year.

WE SHALL MAKE

SPECIAL PRICES

FOR THE

Next 30 Days

—ON—

Stoves, Furniture and Crockery

HOAG & HOLMES.

LOCAL ITEMS.

There was a very small attendance at the dance in the town hall Friday evening.

The date fixed for the social to be given by the Business Men's class of the Congregational church is Wednesday evening, Feb. 21.

It is expected that the basement of the new M. E. church will be so far finished that services can be held there in about two weeks.

The Herald has received a copy of the Michigan Manual, or red book as it is familiarly called, for 1899, from the state secretary's office.

The heavy thaw had so honeycombed the ice on the lakes that Staffan & Son had to suspend their ice cutting operations on Friday night last.

The Grangers in Michigan now number 16,000, having increased 5,000 in membership during 1899. The order is 30 years old and has 320 granges in Michigan.

The erection of a handsome \$50,000 Masonic temple in Ann Arbor is being agitated by some of the prominent and bustling members of the order in that city.

The subject at the Congregational church tomorrow night will be "Did not I see thee in the garden with Him?" Saturday, "What accusation bring ye against this man?"

A. C. Schumacher, of Ann Arbor, has been reappointed a member of the state board of pharmacy by Governor Pingree. Mr. Schumacher is a nephew of Jacob Schumacher of this town.

The Epworth League will give a social tomorrow evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Glazier. Something out of the ordinary in the way of a program is promised for the occasion.

Miss Florence Pomeroy expects to organize a new class in physical culture in Chelsea, and to that end will give a free lesson to all interested, at the Chelsea house parlors next Tuesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Kempf Commercial and Savings Bank was held Tuesday. The old board of directors, R. Kempf, C. H. Kempf, H. S. Holmes, R. S. Armstrong and C. Klein was re-elected.

Topic cards for the Business Men's class of the Congregational church have been printed containing a list of topics and leaders for the next six months. T. W. Mingay will lead next Sunday. The subject is "The Tramp Question."

Rev. J. I. Nickerson's sermon at the union services in the Baptist church last Sunday evening on "Departed Years," is very highly spoken of on account of the happy memories of the past and bright hopes of the future expressed in it.

Judge Newkirk has received a handsomely carved powder horn as a present from Eugene Oesterlin, to add to his collection. The horn is known to be over 100 years old. It was originally owned by Daniel Boone and bears the inscription "D. B. to J. A. P."

Last week H. S. Holmes purchased the hardware stock of T. S. James, of Dexter. He will shortly move the stock to Chelsea and add it to the already large stock of Hoag & Holmes. It is a good, clean stock of nearly new goods, as Mr. James was not in business a great while.

Prof. J. D. K. Dean, who spent Sunday with Homer Ives and family, is associated with the Jackson Portland Cement Co. He reports the future prospects of the company as being very flattering. They will commence operations the coming season. Their output will be 2,500 barrels every 24 hours.

The meetings at the Congregational church will be continued next week. Monday night the subject will be "Behold the man;" Tuesday, "We have no king but Caesar;" Wednesday, "What I have written I have written;" Thursday, "Wilt thou be made whole;" Friday, "The lost crown." Everybody is invited to attend these services.

A grange conference is to be held in Ypsilanti, Thursday next, Jan. 18, under the auspices of George B. Horton, master of the state grange, which is to be attended by delegates from the different granges in the county, preferably the master, lecturer and secretary of each. The leading questions to be considered are: Grange fire insurance, lecturers' hour, and the promotion of more new granges.

By the terms of the will of the late Mrs. Adah L. Treadwell, widow of Edward Treadwell of Ann Arbor, which was filed in the probate court Monday morning, the board of regents of the University of Michigan is given \$2,000 to be deposited in the state treasury to be known as the Treadwell fund. Annual interest thereon is to be expended "for support or to aid in supporting a free bed in University hospital for some poor and deserving patient."

The nightly prayer meetings in the Congregational church are being continued this week and also next.

Fred Herrington, of Manchester, has commenced a suit in the circuit court for divorce against his wife, Minnie Herrington.

Grass Lake News: Charlie Schafer, of Chelsea, last Tuesday bought several head of fat cattle of Jonah Miles, northeast of this village.

The Michigan Central Railroad Company is making some extensive alterations and repairs in the yards at Ypsilanti, in Lima township.

Uriah Benjamin Rogers, auditor of the C. & W. M. and D., G. R. & W. railroads, who recently committed suicide by shooting himself in Grand Rapids, was born in Lima township.

All the Normal and U. of M. students have returned to their studies this week with the exception of Leigh Palmer who is suffering from the effects of a gathering in his head.

President McKinley sent to the senate for confirmation on Tuesday the names of Harlow D. Wells as postmaster at Ypsilanti, and George Preston as postmaster of Grass Lake, reappointed.

Dr. Victor C. Vaughan, of the U. of M., has been appointed surgeon-general of the National Association of Spanish-American War Veterans, by the commander-in-chief of the association.

Willie Lytle, aged 11 years, was struck by a Michigan Central switch engine at a crossing in Ypsilanti, Monday evening. The crossing is a very dangerous one and a number of deaths have occurred at that point.

Lafayette Grange meets with Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Wilson, in Lima, today. It is the annual meeting and the grangers will enjoy an oyster dinner. George B. Horton, master of the state grange, will be present.

A Utica Sunday school teacher recently asked her class if any of them could tell her anything about Good Friday. One youngster promptly replied: "Yes'm, I can. He was the feller what done the housework for Robinson Crusoe."

Mrs. H. G. Pearce, assisted by her husband, will give an elocutionary entertainment in the Webster M. E. church Thursday evening, Jan. 17, commencing at 8 o'clock. Admission 10 cents. For the benefit of the church.

The revival meetings that are being held in the Sylvan M. E. church by the pastor, Rev. George B. Marsh, and his brother, Rev. H. J. B. Marsh, of Stony Creek, are being well attended and have been productive of good results. They will be continued during next week.

At the recent meeting of the State Teachers Association at Lansing the following resolution was passed: "Resolved, That we express our judgment in opposition to state uniformity, but in hearty support of the system of free text books as most successful and economical and the surest way of securing the universal education of children of school age."

A clever young man did 30 Ann Arbor merchants out of 50 cents each by offering to put their business cards between the numbers on the program for a dancing party which he proposed to give but did not. The merchants of several other cities were victimized by the same fellow in a like manner. Fake advertising schemes never did pay and never will.

George W. Towar, the creamery man, of Detroit, is in Chelsea canvassing the possibilities of establishing a creamery station in this place. The object of this is to gather cream for the Detroit market. If it should prove a success to the farmers and company, a butter factory will be established here later. Mr. Towar proposes to pay the top notch prices for prime cream.

"What is home without a newspaper?" asked an exchange, to which another replied: "It is a place where old hats are stuffed into broken windows, where the wife looks like a bag of wool with a string tied around the center, where the husband has a tobacco panorama painted on his shirt front and the neglected children wipe their noses on their jacket sleeves." Just see what varied uses a newspaper can be put to. Then don't delay, and if you are not already a Herald subscriber, become one at once.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50 cts and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

1900 is Here!

SO IS

EARL

with a full and complete line of

Confectionery,

Pies, Cakes, Buns,

and Fresh Bread

We have a full line of Writing Materials at knock down prices.

J. G. EARL,

Next door to Hoag & Holmes.

Reuben Kempf, pres. H. S. Holmes, vice pres. J. A. Palmer, cash'r. Geo. A. BeGole, asst cash'r. —No. 203—

THE KEMPf COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS BANK. CAPITAL, \$40,000.

Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first class security. Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein.

G. W. PALMER,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office over Raftery's Tailor Store, East Middle Street.

S. G. BUSH,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m. Office in Hatch block. Residence opposite Methodist church.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician and Surgeon.

Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat, eye and ear. Office Hours—10 to 12 and 2 to 5. Office over Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

G. E. BATHAWAY,

Graduate in Dentistry.

A new preparation for extracting that does not contain cocaine or cause any of the bad results liable to follow the use of this drug. Gas administered when desired. Office over Bank Drug Store.

S. A. MAPES & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

Fine Funeral Furnishings. Chelsea Phone No. 5. CHELSEA, MICH.

GEO. EDER.

The Parlor Barber Shop.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. J. CROWELL,

Fire and Tornado Insurance.

Representing eleven of the best companies doing business in Michigan. Give me a call. CHELSEA, MICH.

FRED KANTLEHNER.

Jeweler and Optician.

Having removed to the store in the Boyd Block, 8. Main street, I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my line as heretofore. Agent for Ann Arbor flour.

O. LIVE LODGE, No. 156, F. & A. M.

Regular Meetings for 1900.

Jan. 9, Feb. 13, March 13, April 10, May 8, June 12, July 10, August 7, Sept. 4, Oct. 2, Nov. 6. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 4.

TREAS. E. WOOD, Secretary.

Cheap Washing.

Young men working in stores, offices or factories will do well to call and get our prices on underwear, half hose, handkerchiefs, etc., for we do

WASHING CHEAP.

Bath Rooms in connection.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.

At AVERY'S fine new parlors. All dental work you find. With care and skill and beauty. Successfully combined.

Our crown and bridge work ever. Severeest critics please. But persons so disposing. Can take their choice of these.

Five kinds of plates we offer—They will attention hold—Aluminum and rubber. Watts' metal, silver, gold.

Our local anesthetics. And nitrous oxide, too. Will put to flight all terror. Extracting brings to view.

The children at our office. Receive attention all. So friends who wish a dentist. Give AVERY a call.

MONEY TO PATENT Good Ideas may be secured by our aid. Address, THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscriptions to The Patent Record \$1.00 per annum.

HARD BATTLES RAGE.

Gen. White Closely Pressed Before Ladysmith.

Sends News of Defeat of Boers—British Attack on Colenso—The Suffolk Regiment Suffers a Serious Disaster.

London, Jan. 8.—A special dispatch from Frere camp, dated Saturday, January 6, 7:20 p. m., says: Gen. White heliographs that he defeated the Boers this morning. They crept up so close to the defending forces that the Gordon highlanders and the Manchesterers actually repulsed them at the point of the bayonet.

London, Jan. 8.—Gen. Buller has wired the war office the following, dated January 6, from Frere Camp:

"The following message was received from Gen. White at one p. m. to-day: 'Attack continues and enemy has been repulsed from the south.'"

"The following was received at four this forenoon from Gen. White: 'Have beaten enemy off at present, but they are still around me in great numbers, especially to the south, and I think renewed attack very probable.'"

"I have absolutely no more news, and there is no sun. There is a camp rumor that White defeated the enemy at five this afternoon and took 400 prisoners. I sent all available troops yesterday to make a demonstration at Colenso. The trenches there were all occupied by the enemy."

Attack on Colenso.

London, Jan. 8.—A special dispatch from Frere Camp, dated Saturday, January 6, 7 p. m., says:

"At two o'clock this afternoon the whole of Gen. Clery's division marched out of camp to attack Colenso. Gen. Hildyard's brigade was on the left and Gen. Barton's on the right, with cavalry on the extreme right. The attack was slowly developed and at 4:30 the British field guns advanced on the center and commenced shelling the Boer positions on the flat land between Hlanwane hill and Fort Wylie. About this time a heavy thunderstorm raged over the enemy's positions. At 5:30 our troops were still advancing and had reached a point very near Colenso. The naval 4.7 and field guns were busily dropping shells into the enemy's trenches along the river and the force of the enemy had made no reply."

Bombardment of Ladysmith.

London, Jan. 8.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from Frere camp says: Saturday's bombardment of Ladysmith was the heaviest yet recorded. All the heavy guns were working and the Boers seemed to be pouring in shells from every available lighter gun.

London, Jan. 8.—The Daily Mail has the following, dated January 6, at noon, from Frere Camp:

"At three o'clock this morning very heavy firing began at Ladysmith. It lasted fully four hours and must have meant either a sortie by the British or a determined attack on the garrison by the Boers. Our shells could be seen falling on Umbulwana hill, and the enemy were replying. Beside the cannon reports there were sounds indicating smaller pieces of artillery in action. The fighting must have been at close range than has been the case up to now. Our naval guns at Chieveley sent their usual fire into the Boer trenches there; but there has been no further movement here."

Disaster to Suffolk Regiment.

London, Jan. 8.—The war office publishes the following dispatch from Gen. Forester-Walker, commanding at Cape Town:

"Gen. French reports under date of January 6: 'The situation is much the same as yesterday, but I regret to report that a serious accident has happened to the First battalion of the Suffolk regiment.' From news just come to hand from them I gather that, with the authority and with the knowledge of Gen. French, four companies of the First battalion advanced by night against a low hill one mile from their camp. They attacked at dawn. Lieut. Col. Watson, commanding, gave orders to charge. He was at once wounded. Orders for retirement were given. Three-quarters of the force retreated to camp. The remainder held their ground until they were overpowered by greater numbers, when they surrendered. Seventy were taken prisoners, including seven officers."

"Gen. French reports that the Boer commando which made the attack January 4 lost 50 killed, besides wounded and prisoners. The commando was dispersed."

Boers Bombard Kuruman.

Pretoria, Thursday, Jan. 4 (via Lourenzo Marques).—Field Cornet Visser, under date of Tuesday, January 2, reports as follows from Kuruman, British Bechuanaland:

"I commenced a bombardment of Kuruman yesterday (Monday), aiming at the police barracks. The fight lasted until six in the evening, when the garrison surrendered, issuing from the forts and yielding up arms. We took 120 prisoners, including Capt. Bates and Capt. Dennison. Mr. Hilliard, the magistrates and eight other officers. We also captured 70 natives, together with a number of rifles and revolvers and a quantity of ammunition. Fifteen British were wounded. They are being attended by us, with the help of Dr. Bearne, an English physician. The horses, oxen, mules and four taken from the prisoners have been sent to Pretoria by way of Vryburg."

A Critical Moment.

London, Jan. 8.—The British public is at last face to face with a critical moment in the campaign. It may safely be said that at no previous time have there been such anxious hours of suspense as will be passed through until the arrival of further news regarding the fate of Ladysmith. The week opens with only fresh additions to the disasters that have befallen British arms, and there is no longer any sustaining confidence to buoy up public opinion. The editorials this morning fully reflect the extreme gravity of the situation, with a painful undercurrent of ominous foreboding, mainly caused by the fact that, while the Boers have now changed their tactics and assumed the offensive, Gen. Buller is apparently unable to do more to assist Gen. White than in making a demonstration.

SORTIE UNSUCCESSFUL.

British Soldiers Undertake to Storm Boer Breastwork But Are Driven Back.

London, Jan. 6.—A Mafeking dispatch just received, but dated December 26, confirms the report of the British sortie from that place, which was first announced from Pretoria, December 30. The Mafeking dispatch says:

"There was a sortie to-day with the view of capturing the Boer earthworks, but it was unsuccessful. The works were crowded with Boers awaiting the assault, and a hail of bullets forced the British to retire, killing and wounding a number."

The British storming party numbered 80 men, of whom 21 were killed and 33 wounded.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—The seizure of the Bundesrath remains the dominant topic of the German press. Influential papers like the Berliner Tageblatt, Cologne Volks Zeitung, Berliner Neueste Nachrichten, Hamburger Correspondenz and the semi-official Berliner Post strongly hint at the possibility of Germany's forming an anti-British coalition with Russia and France. The anti-British feeling is clearly growing. A series of anti-British demonstrations in the various cities is being organized by the Pan-Germanic league. A prominent official of the German foreign office said that Great Britain had not yet answered Germany's request for an explanation of the seizure, but that the reply was expected in the course of a few days. The foreign office, according to this official, has not yet concluded that Great Britain is trying to ride rough-shod over Germany.

A FATAL BLAST.

Twenty-Two Tons of Powder Explode Near Eagle River, Mich.—Two Men Blown to Atoms.

Lake Linden, Mich., Jan. 4.—Tuesday night buildings in this city were shaken, as a result of an explosion of 22 tons of powder, which occurred nearly 20 miles distant, near Eagle River. Wednesday it was learned that two sleigh loads of black powder, each containing 11 tons, had been in some

TRADE REVIEW.

The Situation as Viewed by Two Leading Commercial Agencies.

New York, Jan. 6.—Bradstreet's says: "The business world has 'marked time' this week pending the results of annual stock-takings and the passing away of the holiday influences which usually make for quietness at this period. Aside from the strengthening of values of a number of staples, such as the cereals, provisions and cotton, which are speculatively dealt in, there has been no decided movement forward, but, on the other hand, the strength of all other staple values point to there having been no backward steps taken. Perhaps the most notable movement among leading staples is that developed in hogs and hog products; a better realization apparently being had of the features making for strength in these products, notably among which being the reduction in the supply of hogs, which, like the similar falling off in the number of cattle, has gone on for a number of years past. That the advance in hog products is beginning to attract more attention seems evident from the extent to which this advance has had sympathetic reflection in the prices of wheat and other cereals, which really trace some of the strength which has been shown this week to that source. While stocks of wheat have fallen off in Europe and shipments thereto in December were the lightest recorded for many years past, still stocks have increased in this country to nearly as great an extent. In iron and steel quiet strength has, as for many weeks past, been the notable feature. A rather more aggressive feeling is noted at Chicago, where wire and nails have been considerably advanced, and bar steel, angles and channels have also moved upward. With the country's production sold ahead as heavily as it is there is naturally little or no immediate new business offering."

R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say: "Failures in 1899 were 3,393 in number, with liabilities of \$123,132,679. The last days of the year added a few to the number and some millions to the known liabilities of firms and banks which failed close to the end, so that commercial defaults reached \$90,879,839, of which \$30,792,164 were in manufacturing; \$48,924,771 in trading, and \$11,162,954 in brokerage, promoting and other commercial liabilities. 'Most people in business have been so occupied with the accounts and the settlements of the past year that little new business has yet been done. No new tendency in manufacture or in trading appears, and less change than was anticipated in money markets. There is nothing unsound in the business of the great industries, but an extensive revision of prices may disappoint expectations. 'Wheat still moves very sluggishly, with small change in prices. In six months of

WATER TURNED IN.

Great Drainage Canal Is Opened at Chicago—No Formal Ceremony Held.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—At nine o'clock Tuesday morning water was turned into the \$33,000,000 drainage canal and began to flow toward Lockport, where it will fall into the Desplaines river, and thence, through the Illinois and Mississippi rivers, to the Gulf of Mexico. What is termed by the canal engineers the collateral channel has been for some time completed from the Chicago river in the southwestern part of the city to within 15 feet of the main channel of the canal. This 15-foot wall of earth with two sluice gates behind it has been all that has kept the Chicago river and Lake Michigan out of the canal. At ten o'clock Monday night a steam dredge began to cut away this wall of earth and a few minutes before nine o'clock the water in the collateral channel was against the sluice gates, and only a few inches of timber remained to be removed before Chicago was to realize her dream of years and see the great canal in actual operation. When the water began to back up against the sluice gates the timbers were knocked away and the first water from the Chicago river ran into the canal. The engineers of the sanitary district have cut a channel to carry 300,000 cubic feet of water a minute, but Tuesday the water was allowed to flow into the canal at the rate of only 50,000 cubic feet a minute. The effect of turning 300,000 cubic feet of water a minute into the empty canal would be like the bursting of a reservoir and would tear away every bridge over the canal and wreck the controlling works at Lockport. Therefore the water will be turned in gradually.

Work of the Mint.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—At the United States mint in this city, 122,790,528 coins were made during the year 1899, representing a value of little more than \$65,000,000. In addition to the coinage for this country, work was done for Costa Rica and San Domingo. The total number of gold coins executed for the United States was 4,669,768, valued at \$54,632,750. The silver pieces coined numbered 38,075,384, representing a value of \$8,214,565. The coins of the base metals, nickel and copper, were issued in abundance. Five-cent pieces to the value of \$1,301,451.55—26,029,031 pieces—and \$536,000.31 worth of cents—53,600,031 pieces—were minted.

Won't Go Back.

Washington, Jan. 3.—President Schurman will not return to the Philippines with the other members of the Philippine commission when the body goes back to Manila, on account of his duties at Cornell. Admiral Dewey's return is also more than doubtful. Mr. Denby and Prof. Worcester will remain on the commission after it completes the report upon which it is now engaged and will return to Manila to aid in the establishment of civil government.

Death of Gen. Drentzer.

Frankfort, Tenn., Jan. 5.—Gen. O. E. Drentzer, ex-consul of the United States to Norway during Grant's administration, died Thursday, aged 84. Gen. Drentzer came to this country from Sweden in 1844, served as an officer in the Florida war, and was brigadier general of the Wisconsin militia. He has been in active practice as a lawyer while in America.

Explosion Kills Three Men.

Anna, Ill., Jan. 5.—Nelson McGinnis, Mat McGinnis and John Adams, the engineer, were scalded to death Thursday afternoon by a boiler explosion at the sawmill of Oscar Stout, eight miles east of here. Mr. Stout's skull was crushed and he will probably die. The boiler was a second-hand affair and the engineer was inexperienced.

A New Commandant.

Lafayette, Ind., Jan. 5.—Gilbert S. Stormont, editor of the Princeton Clarion, has been elected commandant of the Indiana state soldiers' home at this place. Capt. Stormont served in the Fifty-eighth Indiana regiment during the civil war and is past department commander of the Indiana G. A. R.

Frenchmen Sentenced.

Paris, Jan. 5.—The high court (senate), in secret session Thursday condemned MM. Buffet and Deroulede to ten years' banishment. M. Guerin was sentenced to ten years' confinement in a fortified place. M. Saluces was sentenced to ten years' banishment.

Twenty-Two Sailors Lost.

London, Jan. 4.—A dispatch from Bristol, announces that the British steamer Borghese, of Glasgow, foundered off Cape Finister last Friday during a hurricane. Twenty-two of the crew were drowned.

Big Price for a Colt.

New York, Jan. 3.—C. J. Hamlin has bought from his trainer, E. F. Geers, the black four-year-old pacing colt Direct Hal for \$10,000. This is probably the largest sum ever paid for a pacer without a record. The colt worked a mile in 2:17 last fall at Louisville, having been trained only a few weeks.

Dr. Hammond Dead.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Dr. William A. Hammond, formerly surgeon general of the army, died at his residence in this city Friday night from an attack of heart failure, brought on by hurriedly ascending a flight of stairs.

DO GREAT FIGHTING.

Valiant Work of the British Under Gen. White.

Battle Before Ladysmith Rages for Many Hours—Fierce Assaults of the Boers Are Bravely Repelled.

London, Jan. 9.—Single-handed, without the slightest aid from Gen. Buller, barely 15 miles away, Gen. White, in an engagement lasting from daylight on Saturday to 7:30 o'clock the same evening, and which in point of fierceness has seldom been equaled in the annals of warfare, remains in control of Ladysmith. The suspense as to the fate of the garrison of 9,000 men, which for 68 days has been penned up and hammered night and morning almost continuously the entire time is finally relieved for a time at least.

Tells of the Battle.

London, Jan. 9.—It was not until the middle of the afternoon that there was an official confirmation forthcoming of Frere Camp rumors of Gen. White's success at Ladysmith. But at 3:40 p. m. the war office relieved the extreme tension of the waiting crowds by posting the following dispatch from the front:

"Frere Camp, Natal, Jan. 8.—The following is from White, dated two p. m. Sunday:

"An attack was commenced on my position, but was chiefly against Caesar's Camp and Wagon Hill. The enemy was in great strength and has pushed the attack with the greatest courage and energy. Some of the entrenchments on Wagon Hill were three times taken by the enemy and retaken by us. The attack continued until 7:30 p. m. One point in our position was occupied by the enemy the whole day. But at dusk, in a very heavy rainstorm, they were turned out of this position at the point of the bayonet in a most gallant manner by the Devons, led by Col. Park. Col. Ian Hamilton commanded on Wagon Hill and rendered valuable service. The troops have had a very trying time and have behaved excellently. They are elated at the service they have rendered the queen."

"The enemy were repulsed everywhere with very heavy loss, greatly exceeding that on my side, which will be reported as soon as the lists are completed."

London Jubilant.

Not since the day of Gen. Buller's reverses has such a crowd of inquirers visited the war office. As the afternoon progresses a rumor obtained currency that Ladysmith had surrendered, and the depression in the lobbies had become extreme when an official appeared and in a loud voice shouted: "Good news," and posted the dispatch chronicling a brilliant victory for the British troops. Even the brief official announcement sent by Gen. White seems to entitle his success to the adjective "brilliant," so often misused during the present war. Reading between the lines of Gen. White's dispatch it is evident that there was a desperate fight, the British entrenchments being thrice taken and retaken, and, at dusk, the Devonshire regiment, at the point of the bayonet, drove out the Boers from another position which they had occupied all day long. The news spread with astonishing rapidity all over London and caused an instantaneous change in the aspect of the metropolis. Smiling faces were seen everywhere, and even at the sedate foreign office and other departments of the government great elation was shown.

The newspapers were all jubilant.

Still Holds Out.

London, Jan. 9.—Gen. White still holds out, or did so 60 hours ago, when the Boers, ousted from their foothold inside the works, suspended their assault at nightfall. England has taken heart. The situation, however, is worse. The beleaguered force must have expended large amounts of ammunition, which cannot be replenished, and must have lost a number of officers and men, which is counterbalanced, so far as the garrison is concerned, by the greater loss of the Boers.

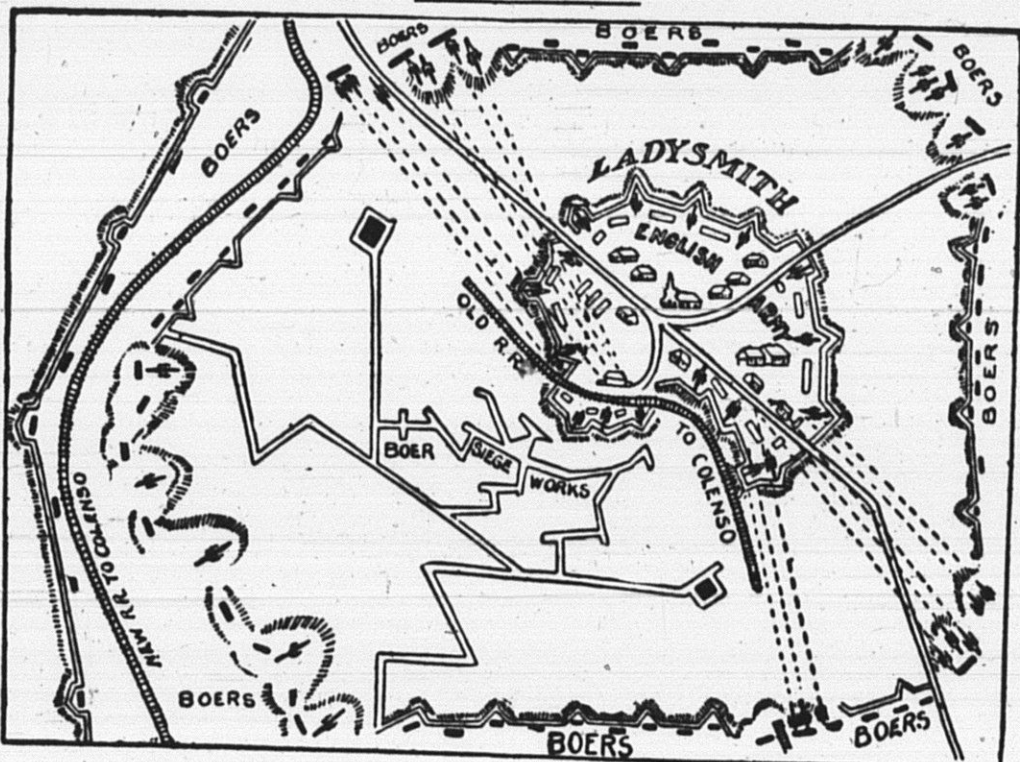
Gen. White still needs relief and the difficulties confronting Gen. Buller are as great as before. The former's undisciplined sentences, as read and reread, suggest eloquently the peril in which the town was for 14 hours, and how barely able his 9,000 men were to keep from being overcome.

Remarkable Boer Strength.

According to official reports, the battle raged for 17 hours. It began at 1:45 o'clock Saturday morning and did not end until seven o'clock in the evening. While Gen. White has obtained a breathing spell, the seriousness of his situation is by no means lessened. In fact, his position is shown to be more critical than the official reports and newspaper dispatches had previously intimated. The mere circumstance that such an attack could be made and pressed home with the utmost determination proves that the Boer forces in Natal have become something more than groups of armed men—that they are an army in the true sense, ready to assail as well as to defend. To recapture positions from which they had been ousted at the bayonet point is an achievement that was not expected of these Transvaal farmers.

Unless Buller can shortly give help the Ladysmith garrison must succumb in the end. There are no instances in recent wars where a besieged and surrounded force has succeeded in extricating itself by its own efforts.

THE SIEGE OF LADYSMITH.



PLAN OF BOER OPERATIONS ABOUT THE BELEAGURED CITY. The town, with its fortifications, is seen in the middle of the plain. The Boer lines, constructed according to the rules of Vauban, the greatest of French engineers, are seen surrounding it, one line of trenches facing the town, the second facing the outside world, ready to repel the relieving army. The siege works, zigzagging in toward the city in an effort to mine and form a breach in its defenses, are also shown.

unknown manner exploded. Two men, Joseph St. Louis and Joseph Pammerston, and four horses were blown to atoms. The powder was valued at \$2,000, the horses \$800. The powder was the property of Richard Blight, proprietor of a fuse factory in Eagle River.

Generous Gifts.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Dr. Harper announced at the University of Chicago convocation that only \$315,303 was needed to complete the \$2,000,000 necessary to secure a like amount from John D. Rockefeller. In 1889 \$550,000 was raised. He is confident the balance can be secured by April 1. Mrs. Annie Hitchcock gave \$200,000 and Leon Mandel \$50,000.

Well-Known Banker Dead.

Milwaukee, Jan. 6.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Neenah, Wis., says Hiram Smith, president of the Manufacturers' bank, and well known throughout the state, is dead. Mr. Smith, with his brother, started and operated the first paper mill in the Fox river valley 46 years ago. He was 70 years old.

A Challenge for 1901.

London, Jan. 6.—Sir Thomas Lipton, who, with his friend, William Gibson, leaves next week to join his steam yacht, the Erin, for a cruise in the Mediterranean, has issued a challenge for the America's cup in 1901, as he said he would do before he left New York.

Bank Closed.

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 4.—A Wabasha, Minn., dispatch to the Journal says the People's bank of that place closed its doors Wednesday morning and is now in the hands of the bank examiner. Depositors, it is claimed, will lose nothing. No statement of assets and liabilities has been given out.

Held for Wife Murder.

Long Prairie, Minn., Jan. 6.—Oliver Hesselgrove, at an examination Friday, was held for the murder on November 27, of his wife, Lillian. He claimed that while walking through the woods with his wife, he struck at a tree with an ax and the blow glanced off and killed his wife. The state does not believe the story, but alleges that Hesselgrove was infatuated with his wife's sister, Bertha Randall.

REFORM IS NEEDED.

Public Schools of Washington Are Far Behind the Times.

As Congress Makes the Laws for the District of Columbia All Citizens Are Interested in This Matter.

[Special Washington Letter.]

You have often been told of the splendid educational advantages which are afforded to young men and young women in this national capital, but there is another story to be told on that subject.

Higher education is desirable only for those who aspire to high places in public affairs and in social life. Common school education is desirable for the masses. Every child should have a common school education, and it were better far that every child should learn to read and write and cipher than that a chosen few should have collegiate and university advantages.

The common schools of this city are not worthy of the national capital, because they are not conducted on common sense principles. Consequently the children receive educations which are impractical, because they do not fit the boys and girls for practical contact with the world.

In the first place, surprising as it may seem, grammar is not taught in our common schools, nor in our high schools. One of the young lady graduates of the high school, a near relative of the narrator, this evening said: "I am now going to college and am studying Latin and Greek. It is absolutely necessary to study grammar in order to learn the first principles of those languages, and hence I am studying grammar. I never studied grammar while I was in the public schools here, nor in the high school. What I know of English grammar was learned by absorption, by the lessons learned at home, when my speech was corrected by my father and mother. So far as the public schools are concerned, I might have been graduated in complete ignorance of the correct methods of speaking or writing my mother tongue. "Moreover," she continued, "they did not teach spelling in the public schools, and very few of the high school graduates know how to spell correctly. In Latin and Greek I find that it is absolutely necessary to know how to spell every word, in order to be able to use the dictionary intelligently, when attempting to translate sentences and paragraphs into English. Hence I am beginning, although a high school graduate, to turn my attention to the correct spelling of the English language. Of course, I am not a poor speller, but I am not a good speller because spelling was never taught me in the public schools."

This statement is so surprising that it would not be deemed worthy of quotation or belief, but for the fact that the writer has personal knowledge of its truthfulness. High school graduates have attempted to write short-



A PICNIC CLASS.

hand and transcribe their notes on the typewriter, and have demonstrated their utter inability to do even that kind of work, because they do not know how to spell.

For example, graduates of the Washington high schools acting as stenographers for years for your correspondent have written out the word "all right," supposing that the words "all right," so commonly used, constitute but one word spelled as above. Scores of them use the word "anythink" for anything. Hundreds of them say: "I taken" or "he taken" for "I took" or "he took."

The young men and young women who speak and spell in that manner are graduates of the Washington high schools. There is not a common school in the Ohio, Mississippi or Missouri valleys, or in the lake region, where the first principles of practical education are so neglected. There is probably not a teacher on the prairies who would not be ashamed to graduate pupils in such ignorance of spelling and grammar.

Elocution is something of which the pupils in our schools know nothing. The teachers are graduates of our high schools. They were never taught spelling, grammar or elocution, and hence they cannot teach what they do not know. Therefore it is that our boys and girls do not know how to read well. If asked to read a column or a paragraph from a newspaper they stammer and stumble over it like children in the infant classes.

Instead of teaching arithmetic as it should be taught, the children are given lessons which they may learn or not, according to their home influences, and when they have been graduated they are unfit for any business requiring computation. Hundreds of them do not know the multiplication tables, and yet they have diplomas setting forth that they have completed their educations.

It is all right for such young men as Henry Clay, Abraham Lincoln or James A. Garfield to carve out educations for themselves and attain the highest scholastic excellence by their own exertions, and it is equally all right for the sons of wealthy men to be carried through the schools and colleges. But the sons of rich men seldom amount to much, and the Clays, Lincolns and Garfields are but few and far between. The common schools and high schools should be conducted for the purpose of giving practical education to the millions who will soon be men and women, bearing upon their shoulders, minds



TRYING TO WRITE SHORTHAND.

and hearts the burdens of the republic, and they should be well grounded in the first principles of education.

In all of the grades of our public schools the teachers are required, willingly or otherwise, to make excursions into the hills and woods surrounding this city, taking the children with them with the alleged purpose of studying botany and geology. The days thus spent are picnic days, and they come quite often. The children are obliged to pay their own car fare, no matter how poor their parents may be. This is as unfair as it is unwise. The children do not need botany or geology, nor will they ever have need of knowledge of those branches in after life. But all of them will have need of knowledge of reading, writing, spelling and arithmetic. And those studies are not taught them.

Business men need not less than 2,000 words with which to express their ideas fluently and freely. The average high school graduate in this city does not know more than 1,000 words, and does not know how to spell more than half of those words accurately. And when they come to work for men in journalism, or other literary pursuits, these high school graduates are helpless, because they do not understand the words spoken to them, any more than they would understand the words of a foreign language. These extreme statements are made as a result of personal experience in dealing with the graduates of these schools.

Inasmuch as the boys and girls are not taught to be accurate in their spelling, they carry through life with them slovenly intellectual habits. Some of them study law and medicine, but they do not know how to spell the technical terms used in their professions. One of them, now a practicing physician, recently gave a receipt to a patient, for "fourty-nin dolls." Another, a young lawyer, wrote to a client: "Pless cal son as possible."

Young men so educated cannot rise. Scholarly men know exactly where to place half-educated men. But the men of limited or slovenly education never can understand the completely educated men about them. Hence the high school graduates of this city seldom know how to choose a profession, or how to succeed in one. It is an uncontroverted truth that no man ever made an ill figure who understood his own talents, nor a good one who mistook them.

The highways and byways of history are strewn with the wrecks of the lives of men who mistook their callings, or who were not well equipped educationally for any calling. Many a youth who would have been a first-rate mechanic is forced into a learned profession, and "with all his blushing honors thick upon his vacant head" settles down to kill people scientifically, pouring drugs, of which he knows little, into bodies of which he knows less.

"Tompkins forsakes his last and awl
For literary squabbles;
Styles himself poet; but his trade
Remains the same—he cobbles."

Thus it appears that scores, if not hundreds, of men and women become teachers in the public schools, who might better be in trade of some kind. Thus it appears that there are superintendents or members of school boards who know little about teaching, but have power to employ teachers who know less. Consequently our public schools are in need of competent supervision, which will result in complete reformation of method and of means for giving practical education to our young people. SMITH D. FRY.

MAKE GREAT PROGRESS.

Americans in the Philippines Continue Their Advance—Several Engagements Are Reported.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The war department has received the following from Gen. Otis:

"Manila, Jan. 8.—Bates pursuing enemy in south with vigor; Schwan's column moving along shore of Laguna de Bay struck 800 insurgents under Gen. Noriel at Blinen on the 6th inst., and drove them westward on Silang, captured place, from which point cavalry pushed through to Indang. Schwan captured three of Noriel's six pieces of artillery, and will take remainder; also his transportation with records and large quantity of ammunition, two battalions of the Twenty-eighth, part of Wheaton's column, struck enemy near Inaus yesterday, killing and wounding 140. Birkheimer, with battalion, struck enemy intrenched west of Bacoor yesterday morning; enemy left on field 65 in dead, 40 wounded and 32 rifles. Our loss thus far Lieut. Cheney, Fourth infantry, and four enlisted men killed, 24 enlisted men wounded. Expected that Schwan's troops will cut off retreat of enemy's Cavite army. Wheaton moving to-day on Das Marinas. Boyd, Thirty-seventh infantry, moved east from Las Banos, surrounded troops of Gen. Risal at daylight, capturing Risal and considerable property. It is expected that Cavite and Batangus provinces will be cleared up soon. In the north Leonhauser, with three companies, on the 25th attacked robber bands in Arayat mountain; dispersed them, destroying their barracks and subsistence; found there five of our prisoners, whom they had picked up on railroad; three killed, two seriously wounded. These northern robber bands will be actively pursued."

Manila, Jan. 9.—The bubonic plague is yet sporadic. There have been six cases and four deaths. Preparations are being made to establish hospitals and for disinfecting and quarantining. Great numbers of provincial natives are coming to Manila, with the result that the city is overcrowded, the increase in accommodations being inadequate, and the rice necessary for foodstuffs is more expensive than at any period during the last 12 years. The plague is dangerous to the overcrowded, underfed and unwashed natives and Chinamen. Americans avoiding direct contact with the disease are safe.

A force of Filipinos charged 12 men of the Third cavalry who were scouting behind San Fernando de Laubon. One trooper and three horses and carabines were captured. The enemy fled.

JACKSON DAY.

It Is Observed in an Appropriate Manner in Omaha—Bryan at a Banquet.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 9.—Jackson day was appropriately celebrated in Omaha by the Jacksonian club. Three separate functions were down on the programme, and each was a distinct and gratifying success. The first was an informal reception held at club headquarters in the afternoon, at which W. J. Bryan, Congressman Cormack (Tenn.), Overmeyer (Kan.), Weaver (Ia.) and several other democratic lights were the guests. Mr. Bryan was the chief center of attraction, and during the two hours the reception lasted several hundred democrats paid their respects. At six o'clock a dinner was tendered Mr. Bryan and a few other notables at the Omaha club.

At nine o'clock p. m. occurred the annual banquet of the club in the parlors of the Paxton hotel. Covers were laid for 300 and there were no vacant places. An elaborate menu was served and it was near midnight before the speaking began. Gilbert M. Hitchcock, editor of the Omaha World-Herald and late candidate for United States senator, officiated as toastmaster. On his right sat Mr. Bryan, the guest of honor of the evening. The room was profusely decorated. The speech of the evening was made by Mr. Bryan in response to the toast: "Our Nation." As the well-known Lincoln man arose to respond he was greeted with tumultuous applause, and when he resumed his seat another ovation was given him.

St. Louis, Jan. 9.—The Tennessee society of St. Louis held its annual Jackson day banquet at the St. Nicholas hotel Monday night. Gov. Benton McMillin, of Tennessee, was the principal speaker of the evening.

Cincinnati, Jan. 9.—Three hundred plates were turned Monday night at the Jackson banquet of the Duckworth club. A number of addresses were made. There was no reference to the silver question or to Hon. W. J. Bryan.

SHOT DEAD.

Tragic Result of a Quarrel Between Rival Horse Dealers at Stevens Point, Wis.

Stevens Point, Wis., Jan. 9.—Louis Weisner, Jr., a partner in the firm of Curran & Weisner, extensive dealers in horses, known all over central Wisconsin, was shot five times and fell dead on Main street at 10:30 Monday morning. The shots were fired by Gabriel Green, an old man, aged about 70 years. Green's sons are rivals of Curran & Weisner in the horse trade. Several weeks ago Green's barn and 14 valuable horses were destroyed by an incendiary the night after the Greens had won an important lawsuit over Weisner. The Greens accused Weisner of having a hand in the fire, and Weisner's death is a result of the fire. Weisner was 34 years of age and leaves a wife and seven children. He was considered quite wealthy.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

How Woman Was Made.

A small boy in the Mission Sunday school of Bishop Fellows' church propounded an entirely new theory of creation last Sunday. "Who made man?" asked the teacher, beginning, as in the good old days when orthodox used catechisms. "God," was the prompt reply. "And how did he make him?" "Out of dust, ma'am; nothing but dust." "And who made woman?" "God made her, too, ma'am." "How?" The small boy hesitated, and then replied cheerfully: "He caused a deep sleep to fall upon man and then took out his backbone and made the woman."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

From Baby in the High Chair

to grandma in the rocker Grain-O is good for the whole family. It is the long-desired substitute for coffee. Never upsets the nerves or injures the digestion. Made from pure grains it is a food in itself. Has the taste and appearance of the best coffee at 1/4 the price. It is a genuine and scientific article and is come to stay. It makes for health and strength. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

Approximated.

First Wife—Have you any idea what your husband's income is?
Second Wife—Oh, most anywhere between two and three o'clock in the morning.—Boston Courier.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

"Horseshoes bring good luck, it is said." "Did you ever have your wife take a fancy to a gold one set with diamonds?"—N. O. Times-Democrat.

The Queen & Crescent

Only 24 hours to New Orleans. The Queen & Crescent is the shortest line South.

Some men show good judgment by showing a lack of self-confidence.—Chicago Daily News.

We have not been without Pilo's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—Lizzie Ferrel, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

AN APPEAL TO HUMANITY GENERALLY

We need your assistance in announcing to the world the GREATEST REMEDY that Science has ever produced, and you need our assistance to secure relief for yourself and friends through SWANSON'S "5 DROPS."

A REMEDY SUPREME As surely as the American Navy has conquered and will conquer all that opposes it, so will "5 DROPS" unfailingly conquer all diseases like Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Catarrh of all kinds, ASTHMA, Dyspepsia, Backache, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Heart Weakness, Toothache, Earache, Creeping Numbness, Bronchitis, Liver and Kidney Troubles, etc., etc., or any disease for which we recommend it. "5 DROPS" is the name and the dose. "5 DROPS" is perfectly harmless. It does not contain Salicylate of Soda nor Opiates in any form. The Child can use it as well as the Adult.

Read carefully what Mr. L. R. Smith, of El Dorado Springs, Mo., writes us under date of Nov. 27, 1899, also Martan Bowers, of Caraghar, Ohio, under date of Dec. 16th, 1899:

I do not know how to express how wonderful I think your "5 DROPS" medicine is. I was suffering intensely with NEURALGIA and thought for a month that I would have to die. One day a lady called to see me and brought me an advertisement of your "5 DROPS." I resolved to try it and sent for a sample bottle. Have been taking it for three weeks and have not had an attack of suffering since I took the first dose. I believe your "5 DROPS" is positively true. I shall also take pleasure in recommending the cure of NEURALGIA.

El Dorado Springs, Mo., Nov. 27, 1899.

Your "5 DROPS" came to hand on the 11th of last month and was glad to receive it for I was suffering at the time with untold agonies. The first dose helped me out of my pain on short notice. Bless the name of God for it. It will do all you say it will, and more too. I had severe pains all over my body, when night came I could not sleep. The worst pain was in my left leg. I could not put my foot to the floor without suffering great pain. Have used four different kinds of medicine for RHEUMATISM and got no relief until I got your "5 DROPS."

30 DAYS I was enabled to get up and give "5 DROPS" at least a trial, we will send a sample bottle, prepaid by mail for 25c. A sample bottle will convince you. Also, large bottles (300 doses) \$10.00, 6 bottles for \$5. Sold by us and agents. AGENTS WANTED in New Territory. Don't wait! Write now! SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 to 164 Lake St., CHICAGO, ILL.

DO YOU COUGH

DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM

THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a cure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price, 25 and 50 cents per bottle.

MILLIONS of Acres

of choice AGRICULTURAL LANDS now opened for settlement in Western Canada. Write the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, or address the undersigned, who will mail you atlases, pamphlets, etc., free of cost. F. FIDELL, Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to C. J. BROUGHTON, 1233 Monmouth Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; T. G. CURRIE, Stevens Point, Wis.; H. V. KILPATRICK, No. 1 Harrison Bldg., Detroit, D. L. CAVEN, Bad Axe, and JAMES J. RIEVE, St. Pleasant, Mich.; N. BARTHOLOMEW, 1205 5th St., Des Moines, Ia.; EVERETT & KATZ, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections. Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia. Trial, 20 for 5c.

Keeps My Hair Soft

"I have used your Hair Vigor for five years and am greatly pleased with it. It certainly restores the original color to gray hair. It keeps my hair soft and smooth. It quickly cured me of some kind of humor of the scalp. My mother used your Hair Vigor for some twenty years and liked it very much."—Mrs. Helen Kilkenny, New Portland, Me., Jan. 4, '99.

Used Twenty Years

We do not know of any other hair preparation that has been used in one family for twenty years, do you?

But Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years, and it never fails to do this work, either.

You can rely upon it for stopping your hair from falling out, for keeping your scalp clean and healthy, and for making the hair grow rich and long.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Write the Doctor

If you do not obtain all the benefits you desire from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address: Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

NEURALGIA

El Dorado Springs, Mo., Nov. 27, 1899.

RHEUMATISM

Your "5 DROPS" came to hand on the 11th of last month and was glad to receive it for I was suffering at the time with untold agonies. The first dose helped me out of my pain on short notice. Bless the name of God for it. It will do all you say it will, and more too. I had severe pains all over my body, when night came I could not sleep. The worst pain was in my left leg. I could not put my foot to the floor without suffering great pain. Have used four different kinds of medicine for RHEUMATISM and got no relief until I got your "5 DROPS."

30 DAYS I was enabled to get up and give "5 DROPS" at least a trial, we will send a sample bottle, prepaid by mail for 25c. A sample bottle will convince you. Also, large bottles (300 doses) \$10.00, 6 bottles for \$5. Sold by us and agents. AGENTS WANTED in New Territory. Don't wait! Write now! SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 to 164 Lake St., CHICAGO, ILL.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching, and at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. At all druggists or by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and \$1.00. WILLIAMS' MFG. CO., Props., CLEVELAND, OHIO.

KRAUSERS' LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE.

Made from hickory wood. Cheaper, cleaner, sweeter, and surer than the old way. Send for circular. E. KRAUSER & SONS, Milton, Pa.

CARTER'S INK

Has the endorsement of the U. S. Government and all the Leading Railroads.

PATENTS

Send for "Inventor's Primer" and "Protect Your Ideas," free. Milo B. Stevens & Co., Washington, D. C. Established 1894. Branches: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Consultation free.

HEADACHE

Stop it in 10 minutes. Send 10c to WHITEFOOT CHEMICAL CO., 494 W. Madison St., Chicago.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

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DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

A. N. K.—A 1795

PISO'S CURE FOR

CURES WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

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303 E. Main St., JACKSON, MICH.

TREATS ALL DISEASES OF MEN AND WOMEN.

WEAK MEN restored to vigor and vitality. Organs of the body which have been weakened through disease, overwork, excess or indiscretions, restored to full power, strength and vigor by our new and original system of treatment.

HUNDREDS of testimonials bear evidence of our method of treating all forms of chronic disease.

WE TREAT AND CURE

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Female Weakness, Constipation. | Heart Disease, Syphilis, Varicose Veins, Bladder Trouble, Loss of Vitality, Dyspepsia, Nervous Troubles, Weakness of Men. | Liver Complaint, Tumors, Piles, Fissures, Skin Diseases, Blood Diseases, Youthful Errors, Nervous Troubles, Weakness of Men. |
|---|---|--|

CONSULTATION FREE. CHARGES MODERATE.
Hours 9 to 5. Not Open Sundays.
DR. HALE IN PERSONAL CHARGE.

SPECIAL NOTICE: Those unable to call should send stamp for question blank for home treatment.

CELESTINE KING

NATURE'S CURE

A Young Girl's Experience.

My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celestine King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night. Mrs. Lucy McNutt, Brush Valley, Pa. Celestine King cures Constipation and all diseases of the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Sold by druggists, 25c. and 50c.

Do You Know What You Are Missing

by using cheap package coffee?
If you want to find out, buy a pound of the famous

A. I. C. HIGH GRADE COFFEES

After one trial you would not use package coffee at any price.

YOUR MONEY BACK

if they are not the best Coffee Values you ever received.

Sold in Chelsea, Mich., by
L. T. Freeman,
DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy GROCERIES.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect October 7, 1899
90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

No. 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:20 A. M.
No. 36—Atlantic Express... 7:15 A. M.
No. 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 A. M.
No. 6—Mail and Express... 8:15 P. M.

GOING WEST.

No. 3—Mail and Express... 10:12 A. M.
No. 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:20 P. M.
No. 7—Chicago Night Express... 10:20 P. M.

No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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DON'T BE FOOLED!

The market is being flooded with worthless imitations of

ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA

To protect the public we call special attention to our trade mark, printed on every package. Demand the genuine. For Sale by all Druggists.

Subscribe for the Herald, \$1 per year.

Monthly Report of Chelsea Schools.

The following is the superintendent's monthly report of the Chelsea public schools for the month ending Dec. 22, 1899:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------|
| Total number enrolled, | 356 |
| Total number enrolled by transfer, | 7 |
| Total number enrolled by re-entry, | 57 |
| Total number left, all causes, | 184 |
| Total number belonging at date, | 236 |
| Percentage of attendance, | 95.8 |
| No. of non-resident pupils, | 41 |
| No. pupils neither absent nor tardy, | 64 |

W. W. GIFFORD, Supt.

The following pupils were neither absent nor tardy during the month:

HIGH SCHOOL.

| | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Warren Geddes | Martha Kusterer |
| Earl Finkbeiner | Mabel McGuinness |
| Arthur Kruse | Nellie McKernan |
| Edgar Steinbach | Evelyn Miller |
| Edward Zincke | Cora Nickerson |
| Henry Speer | Linna Runciman |
| Katie Collins | Nellie Savage |
| Florence Collins | Bertha Schumacher |
| Verna Hawley | Barbara Schwikarath |
| Louise Hieber | Clara Snyder |
| Minnie Hieber | Emilie Steinbach |
| Enid Holmes | Rose Zuilke |
| Tillie Hummel | Inez Marshall |

MAY E. CKECH, Teacher.

NINTH GRADE.

| | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Furman Fenn | Helen Burg |
| Harry Foster | Susie Everett |
| Howard Holmes | Leila Geddes |
| Willie Luick | Alice Heim |
| Dwight Miller | Christian Kalmbach |
| Chandler Rogers | Cora Stedman |
| Warren Spaulding | Rosamond Smith |
| Harry Stedman | Nellie Walsh |
| Jacob Forner | Anna Zuilke |
| Earl Updike | Eliza Zincke |
| Lillie Blaich | |

FLORENCE N. BACHMAN, Teacher.

EIGHTH GRADE.

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| George Bacon | Mary Haefner |
| Harold Glazier | Nellie Martin |
| George Keenan | Daisy Potter |
| Rudolf Knapp | Mamie Snyder |
| Russell McGuinness | Blanch Stephens |
| Florence Eisenman | |

NINA M. HOWLETT, Teacher.

SEVENTH GRADE.

| | |
|---------------|--------------------|
| Paul Bacon | Julia Kalmbach |
| Austin Keenan | Mina Steger |
| Guy McNamara | Josie Heselshwerdt |
| Harry Taylor | Ada Yakley |
| Elmer Winans | |

MAMIE E. FLETCHER, Teacher.

SIXTH GRADE.

| | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| Flora Atkinson | Homer Lighthall |
| Jennie Geddes | Hazel Speer |
| F. Heselshwerdt | Albert Steinbach |
| Bessie Kempf | Arthur Young |
| Louise Laemmle | |

ANNA M. BEISSEL, Teacher.

FIFTH GRADE.

| | |
|------------------|------------------|
| Ethel Burkhardt | Adeline Kalmbach |
| Harold Carpenter | Beryl McNamara |
| Emmet Carpenter | Bessie Swartout |
| George Haefner | Elma Schenk |

ELIZABETH DEPEW, Teacher.

FOURTH GRADE.

| | |
|----------------|----------------|
| Reynolds Bacon | Pearl Laurason |
| Myrta Kempf | Lynn Stedman |

M. A. VANTYNE, Teacher.

THIRD GRADE.

| | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Margureta Epplet | Nina B. Wurster |
| Elsie Maroney | Dorothy Bacon |
| Lena Schwikarath | Paul Martin |
| V. Schwikarath | Aigernon Palmer |
| Otto Schwikarath | Leon Shaver |
| Edna Laird | Clarence Laird |

CLARA B. HEMENS, Teacher.

SECOND GRADE.

| | |
|---------------|------------------|
| Fred Bennett | L. Shaver |
| Iva Lehman | Theresa Schafer |
| Leo Lawrason | May Steiglemaier |
| Ellis Schultz | Edna Wackenhut |

MARIE BACON, Teacher.

FIRST GRADE.

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| Carl Chandler | Meryl Shaver |
| Affa Davis | Una Steiglemaier |
| George Kaereher | H. Schwikarath |
| Paul Maroney | H. Riemen Schneider |
| Esther Schenk | Jennie Walker |

LOVELLA C. TOWNSEND, Teacher.

Red Hot from the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Michigan, in the Civil War. It caused horrible Ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Boils, Felons, Corns, Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

Sutton Is Also Indicted.

Col. Eli R. Sutton, regent of the state university, has been indicted by the Ingham county grand jury along with Gens. Marsh and White, charged with fraud and embezzlement. Sutton's friends charge that the jury has divided into factions; that jurors traded criminal indictments; that there was conspiracy formed against him and leniency promised others who should be indicted if they were to incriminate Sutton; that Sutton's indictment is based only on the hearsay evidence of Bickerstaff, who repeated to the jury that White and Sutton had received \$8,000 of the profits of the deal; that regardless of the fact that two men—Bickerstaff and Smith—turned state's evidence, neither would, nor did, tell the jury by direct evidence that Sutton was concerned in the deal and participated in the profits.

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND HONEST persons to represent us as Managers in this and close by counties. Salary \$900 a year and expenses. Straight, bona-fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. Our references, any bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. THE DOMINION COMPANY, Dept. 3, Chicago.

A GREAT COMBINATION.

Here is the Greatest Bargain We Ever Offered Our Readers.

The Chelsea Herald, Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press, and the Free Press Annual Year Book and Encyclopedia for 1900, a valuable book of over 550 pages that tells you all you want to know. Over 40,000 of the 1899 edition were sold at 35 cents each. It is the most popular book of the kind ever published. All these for only \$1.75.

North Lake.

The following items arrived just as we were going to press last week:

The woodpiles are going down like snow before the sun.

Mrs. Hudson is visiting with her daughter for a few weeks.

Mr. Judson has moved his sawmill into the eastern part of the town of Dexter.

On account of the unusual cold weather there has been but little news at the Lake.

Miss Carrie Feldhauser, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Rose Glenn during the holidays.

Nearly all the straw stacks will be moved into the barns for feed and bedding this winter.

The annual Christmas gathering of the family of W. H. Glenn occurred as usual although it was cold out of doors.

Two or three loads of young folks went to Unadilla to a masquerade social Monday evening last week, and had a very good time.

The family of W. H. Glenn were presented with two warm lap robes on Christmas. They made the stockings swell out nicely.

George Brown, of Putnam, one of the old residents there, was buried on the last day of 1899. He had many friends. His death was caused by paralysis. His children were all with him at the last.

S. A. Mapes, of Chelsea, made a short call here the other day. He acts quite like a man of family of late. His many North Lake friends join in wishing him the best of luck in his new venture. Much joy.

If fortune disregard thy claim
Don't hang thy head in fear and shame
But marry the girl you love best
Rocky Mountain Tea will do the rest.
Ask your druggist.

Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. John Strieter, of Ann Arbor, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Strieter.

School in the McLaren district is closed on account of scarlet fever.

There will be a masquerade dance at the hall Friday night.

There are several cases of scarlet fever in the south-eastern part of town.

There will be social at Henry Luick's Friday night, Jan. 19. All come and have a good time and a good supper all for 10 cents.

There was a good attendance at the club meeting at Leander Easton's last week.

Cure and Treatment of the Sick.

Dr. Humphreys' Specific Manual on the treatment and cure of the sick mailed free on request. Address Humphreys' Medicine Company, New York.

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the post office at Chelsea, Jan. 6, 1900:

Mrs. Jas. Duggan.
Mrs. Elite Streeter.
A. L. Lamphere.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER, P. M.

Markets.

Chelsea, Jan. 11, 1900.

| | |
|----------------------|--------|
| Eggs, per dozen | 16c |
| Butter, per pound | 16c |
| Oats, per bushel | 27c |
| Corn, per bushel | 20c |
| Wheat, per bushel | 66c |
| Potatoes, per bushel | 35c |
| Apples, per bushel | 50c |
| Onions, per bushel | 20c |
| Beans, per bushel | \$1 75 |

BIGGLE BOOKS

A Farm Library of unequalled value—Practical, Up-to-date, Concise and Comprehensive—Hand-somely Printed and Beautifully Illustrated.

By JACOB BIGGLE

No. 1—BIGGLE HORSE BOOK
All about Horses—a Common-Sense Treatise, with over 74 illustrations; a standard work. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 2—BIGGLE BERRY BOOK
All about growing Small Fruits—read and learn how; contains 43 colored line-like reproductions of all leading varieties and 100 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 3—BIGGLE POULTRY BOOK
All about Poultry; the best Poultry Book in existence; tells everything; with 23 colored life-like reproductions of all the principal breeds; with 103 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 4—BIGGLE COW BOOK
All about Cows and the Dairy Business; having a great sale; contains 36 colored life-like reproductions of each breed, with 132 other illustrations. Price, 50 Cents.

No. 5—BIGGLE SWINE BOOK
Just out. All about Hogs—Breeding, Feeding, Butchery, Diseases, etc. Contains over 80 beautiful half-tones and other engravings. Price, 50 Cents.

The BIGGLE BOOKS are unique, original, useful—you never saw anything like them—so practical, so sensible. They are having an enormous sale—East, West, North and South. Every one who keeps a Horse, Cow, Hog or Chicken, or grows Small Fruits, ought to send right away for the BIGGLE BOOKS. The

FARM JOURNAL

Is your paper, made for you and not a misfit. It is 22 years old; it is the greatest boiled-down, hit-the-nail-on-the-head, quit-after-you-have-said-it, Farm and Household paper in the world—the biggest paper of its size in the United States of America—having over a million and a half regular readers.

Any ONE of the BIGGLE BOOKS, and the FARM JOURNAL 5 YEARS (remainder of 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902 and 1903) will be sent by mail to any address for a DOLLAR BILL.

Sample of FARM JOURNAL, and circular describing BIGGLE BOOKS free.

WILMER ATKINSON, CHAS. F. JENKINS. Address, **FARM JOURNAL**, PHILADELPHIA

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 29th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of George Michael Stapish, deceased.

Charles E. Stapish, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 29th day of January, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered, that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereon, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHESAIRE HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK,
Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, the 18th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Julia Heffebower, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified of Samuel Heffebower, praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 12th day of January, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Court, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereon, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK,
Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies cure by acting directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in any other part of the system.

| NO. | CURE. | PRICE. |
|--|-------|--------|
| 1—Fever, Congestions, Inflammations. | 25 | |
| 2—Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic. | 25 | |
| 3—Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness. | 25 | |
| 4—Diarrhea, of Children or Adults. | 25 | |
| 7—Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis. | 25 | |
| 8—Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache. | 25 | |
| 9—Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo. | 25 | |
| 10—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach. | 25 | |
| 11—Suppressed or Painful Periods. | 25 | |
| 12—Whites, Too Profuse Periods. | 25 | |
| 13—Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness. | 25 | |
| 14—Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions. | 25 | |
| 15—Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains. | 25 | |
| 16—Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague. | 25 | |
| 19—Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head. | 25 | |
| 20—Whooping-Cough. | 25 | |
| 27—Kidney Diseases. | 25 | |
| 28—Nervous Debility. | 1.00 | |
| 30—Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed. | 25 | |
| 37—Grip, Hay Fever. | 25 | |

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggist or Mail Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Humphreys' Med. Co. Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

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One that every lady should take regularly. Beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dress-making economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or send 5c for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

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